

Representando productos. Multiplicación gráfica de decimales

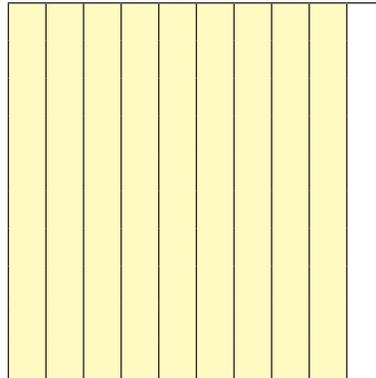
1. Resuelve gráficamente la multiplicación de decimales. Sigue el ejemplo.

• $0,3 \times 0,9$

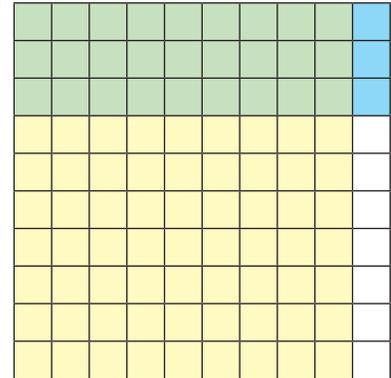
3 filas de la cuadrícula representan 3 décimas.



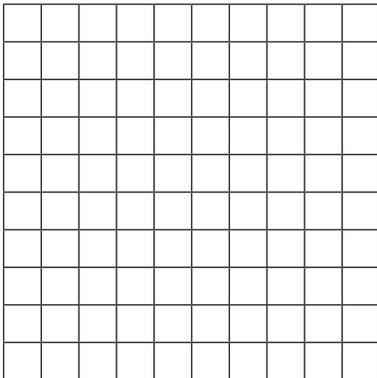
9 columnas de la cuadrícula representan 9 décimas.



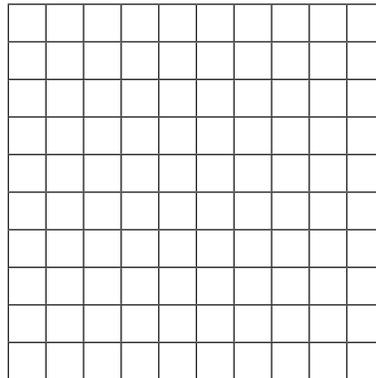
Las casillas en común representan el producto: 27 centésimas = 0,27



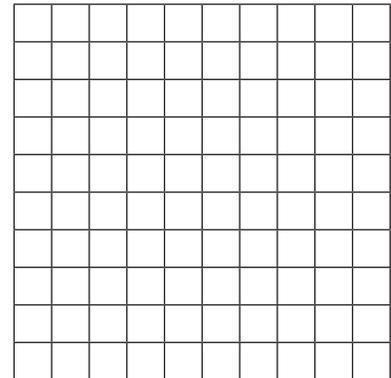
• $0,5 \times 0,7 =$ _____



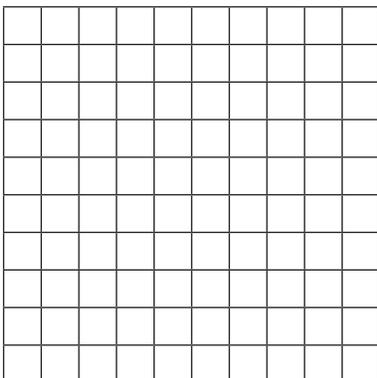
• $0,6 \times 0,3 =$ _____



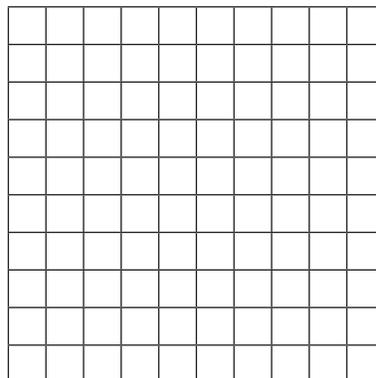
• $0,2 \times 0,8 =$ _____



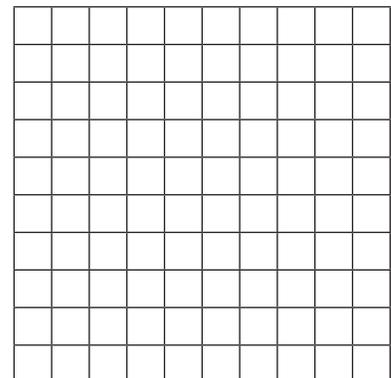
• $0,4 \times 0,5 =$ _____



• $0,7 \times 0,5 =$ _____



• $0,8 \times 0,6 =$ _____



• $5 \times 0,7 =$ _____

• $4 \times 0,5 =$ _____

Recuerda que multiplicar por 5 es igual a repetir 5 veces el otro factor.

5 por 0,7 es 5 veces 7 décimas.

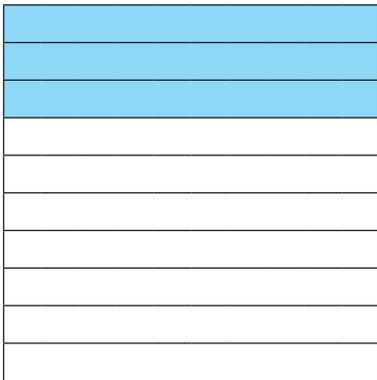


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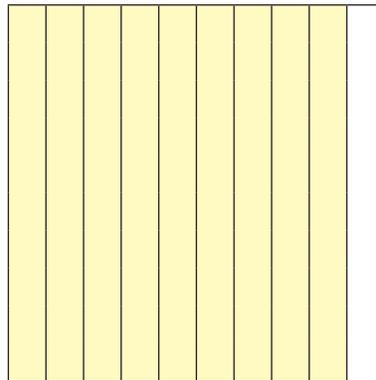
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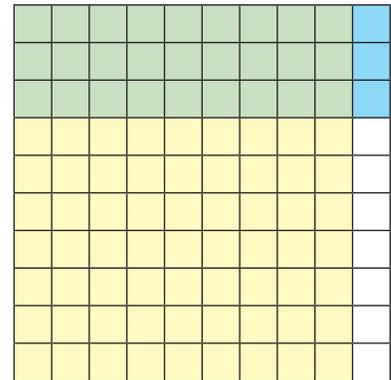
3 filas de la cuadrícula representan 3 décimas.



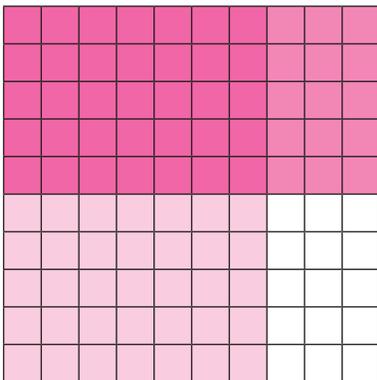
9 columnas de la cuadrícula representan 9 décimas.



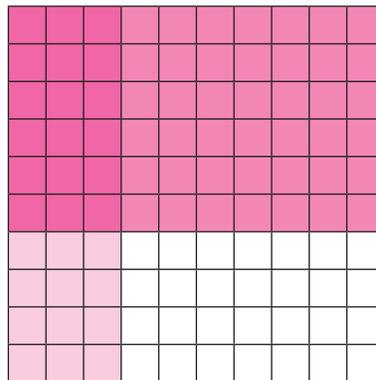
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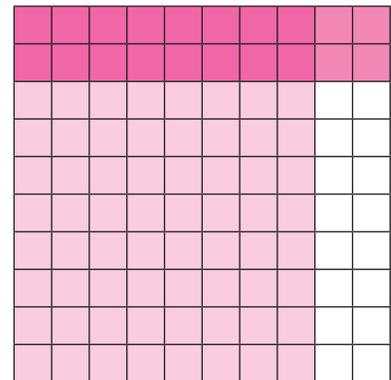
• $0,5 \times 0,7 = \underline{0,35}$



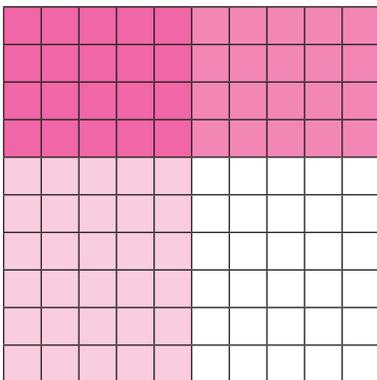
• $0,6 \times 0,3 = \underline{0,18}$



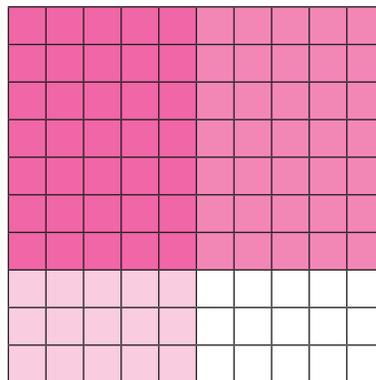
• $0,2 \times 0,8 = \underline{0,16}$



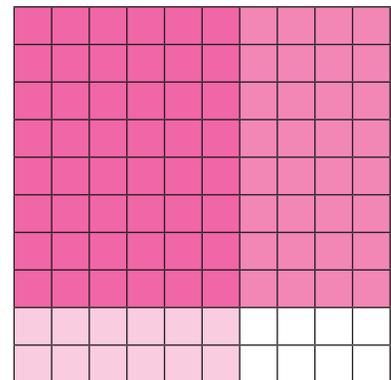
• $0,4 \times 0,5 = \underline{0,20}$



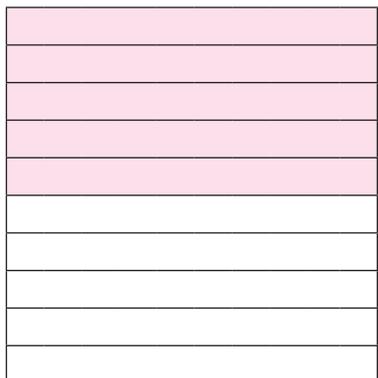
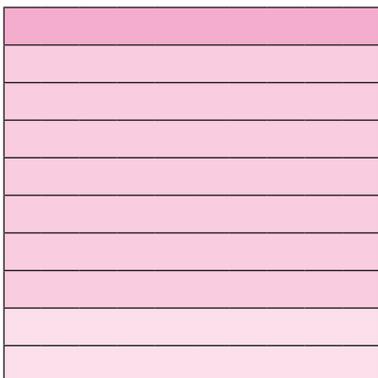
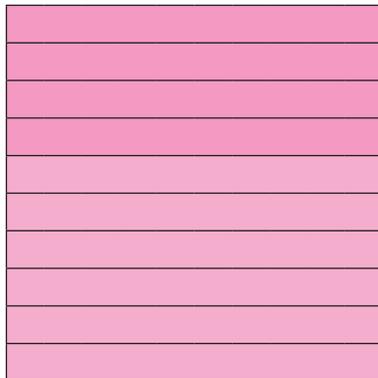
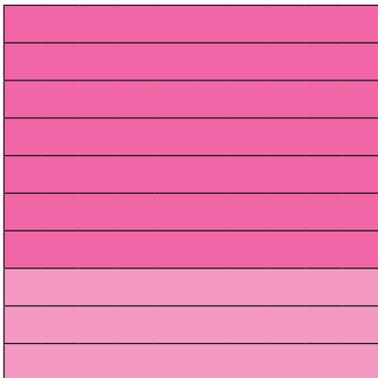
• $0,7 \times 0,5 = \underline{0,35}$



• $0,8 \times 0,6 = \underline{0,48}$



• $5 \times 0,7 = \underline{3,5}$



Recuerda que multiplicar por 5 es igual a repetir 5 veces el otro factor.

5 por 0,7 es 5 veces 7 décimas.



• $4 \times 0,5 = \underline{2}$

